The G7 supports the strengthening of health systems across the globe. The G7 is committed to the climate financing target of $100 billion per year from 2020 onwards.

Financing mechanisms are to be established and mobile teams set up for rapid deployment in emergency situations such as the Ebola crisis.

The number of women and girls technically and vocationally educated and trained in developing countries through G7 measures will be increased by one third by 2030.

The G7 will support the efforts of its partners in developing countries to overcome the legal and social barriers that prevent women from actively participating in economic life.

New funding for the global vaccination alliance Gavi will enable more than 300 million children worldwide to be vaccinated over the next few years.

The G7 is committed to the climate financing target of $100 billion a year from 2020 onwards.

More and more efficient research is to be carried out into neglected tropical diseases.

The G7 aims to ensure that up to 400 million more people in developing countries will be insured against climate risks by 2020.

The G7 and the African Union want to increase Africa’s generating capacity for renewable energy to 10 gigawatts by 2020 – the equivalent of 10 large coal-fired power stations.

The G7 is committed to creating positive momentum for the key UN conferences taking place in 2015 – on financing for development, on sustainable development and on a new climate agreement. The G7 is committed to the goal of achieving an ambitious post-2015 agenda for sustainable development and has reaffirmed its intention of working towards making 0.7% of gross national income available for official development assistance.

A world without hunger is possible

The G7, working in cooperation with its partners, aims to lift 500 million people out of hunger and malnutrition by 2030. A separate annex outlines ways to achieve this goal.

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